SNELL & WILMER L.L.P. Philip J. Graves (SBN 153441) pgraves@swlaw.com Greer N. Shaw (SBN 197960) gshaw@swlaw.com 350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600 Two California Plaza Los Angeles, California 90071 Telephone: (213) 929-2500 Facsimile: (213) 929-2525 Attorneys for Plaintiff James R. Glidewell Dental Ceramics, Inc. d/b/a Glidewell Laboratories UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SOUTHERN DIVISION LOS ANGELS, INC. dba GLIDEWELL LABORATORIES, a California corporation, Plaintiff, Vs. KEATING DENTAL ARTS, INC., a California corporation Defendant Defendant	NTAL MENT ENCE OF
Defendant. Hearing AND RELATED COUNTERCLAIMS. Date: December 17, 2012 Time: 8:30 a.m. Ctrm: 9D, Hon. David O. Carte Pre-Trial Conf.: January 28, 2 Jury Trial: February 26, 24 25 26 27	
19 Hearing 20 AND RELATED Date: December 17, 2 COUNTERCLAIMS. Time: 8:30 a.m.	

Plaintiff and counter-defendant James R. Glidewell Dental Ceramics, Inc., doing business as Glidewell Laboratories ("Glidewell") hereby objects to the following evidence presented by defendant and counter-claimant Keating Dental Arts, Inc. ("Keating") in support of its motions for summary judgment set for hearing on December 17, 2012 before this Court:

I. LEGAL DISCUSSION

To avoid repetition, in this section we provide legal authorities regarding two objections that apply broadly to Keating's evidence. In the next section we offer specific objections to each of Keating's declarations and exhibits with shorthand references back to the arguments in this section.

A. KEATING'S WEBSITE PRINTOUTS ARE INADMISSIBLE

Keating proffered numerous alleged printouts from various webpages in support of its motions, which are attached to the declarations of Dr. David Eggleston, one of Keating's experts, and David Jankowski, Keating's attorney. (See Eggleston Decl. ¶¶ 32-92, Exs. 79-137; Jankowski Decl. ¶¶ 35-40, 44, Exs. 35-40, 44). Keating points to this "evidence" as supporting, among other things, its "incontrovertible facts" nos. 60-62. (Dkt. #87-1, ¶¶ 60-62) These alleged webpages are inadmissible for at least four reasons. First, Eggleston and Jankowski are not the proper witness to authenticate the web pages. Second, even if they were, they have not laid a foundation of personal knowledge to authenticate the web pages. Third, even if they had personal knowledge, their testimony fails to establish the exhibits' authenticity. Finally, the website printouts are hearsay.

1. <u>Eggleston And Jankowski Cannot Authenticate Third Party</u> <u>Websites</u>

Only properly authenticated exhibits are admissible in support of a summary judgment motion. *Orr v. Bank of Am., NT & SA*, 285 F.3d 764, 773 (9th Cir. 2002) ("We have repeatedly held that unauthenticated documents cannot be considered in a motion for summary judgment."). To properly authenticate a printout from a

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website, a person with first-hand knowledge of the accuracy of the material on the
website must testify. In re Homestore.com, Inc. Sec. Litig., 347 F. Supp. 2d 769,
782-83 (C.D. Cal. 2004); Internet Specialties W., Inc. v. ISPWest, 2006 WL
4568796, *1-*2 (C.D. Cal. 2006) ("To be authenticated, someone with knowledge
of the accuracy of the contents of the internet print-outs must testify."). The reason
for this is that the internet is inherently unreliable: "Anyone can put anything on
the internet. No website is monitored for accuracy and nothing contained therein is
under oath or even subject to independent verification absent underlying
documentation hackers can adulterate the content on any web-site from any
location at any time. For these reasons, any evidence procured off the Internet is
adequate for almost nothing" Wady v. Provident Life and Accident Ins. Co. of
America, 216 F. Supp. 2d. 1060, 1064. (C.D. Cal.2002).

In Wady, for example, plaintiff sued to recover insurance benefits, defendant insurer moved for summary judgment, and in plaintiff's opposition, plaintiff relied on alleged printouts from the insurer's website. Plaintiff attached the alleged copies to the declaration of someone unaffiliated with the company, who testified that he obtained the copies from the insurer's website on a certain date. *Id.* at 1064. The court sustained the insurer's objection on the basis of lack of authentication. *Id*. Citing United States v. Jackson, 208 F.3d 633, 638 (7th Cir.2000), the court held that, "evidence taken from the Internet lack[s] authentication where the proponent [is] unable to show that the information had been posted by the organizations to which [the declarant] attributed it." Id.

The court in *In re Homestore.com*, *Inc. Sec. Litig.*, 347 F. Supp. 2d 769 (C.D. Cal. 2004) similarly sustained objections to alleged printouts of a website in the context of a summary judgment motion. There, plaintiffs brought a securities action against, inter alia, the CEO of Homestore.com, Inc. The CEO moved for summary judgment, and plaintiff opposed, relying on certain press releases printed from Homestore.com's website. The court sustained an objection on the basis of

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lack of authenticity because plaintiffs' attached the printouts to the declaration of
someone without personal knowledge of the contents: "Although the documents
bear the URL address and date stamp, they are improperly authenticated by
Plaintiffs' declaration. Printouts from a web site do not bear the indicia of
reliability demanded for other self-authenticating documents under Fed.R.Evid.
902. To be authenticated, some statement or affidavit from someone with
knowledge is required; for example, Homestore's web master or someone else with
personal knowledge would be sufficient. The Court finds that these exhibits are no
properly authenticated and are inadmissible for purposes of summary judgment."
In re Homestore.com, Inc. Sec. Litig., 347 F. Supp. 2d 769, 782-83 (C.D. Cal.
2004); see also Internet Specialties W., Inc. v. ISPWest, 2006 WL 4568796, *1-*2
(C.D. Cal. 2006) (excluding at trial printouts of a third-party website, and holding
that a person cannot authenticate a website printout by visiting the website and
printing a copy, but instead the print-outs must be authenticated by "someone with
knowledge of the accuracy of the contents of the internet print-outs"); Costa v.
Keppel Singmarine Dockyard PTE, Ltd., 2003 WL 24242419 *7 n.74 (C.D. Cal.
2003) (sustaining an objection to printout from Keppel Corporation's website
because "[the proponent] [did] not proffer the testimony of a Keppel Corporation
representative attesting that the information on the website was placed there by the
corporation").
Here, neither Dr. Eggleston nor Jankowski purport to be affiliated with any

of the companies whose websites are proffered into evidence. (See Eggleston Decl. ¶¶ 32-92, Exs. 79-137; Jankowski Decl. ¶¶ 35-40, 44, Exs. 35-40, 44). Accordingly, Keating has failed to authenticate the alleged website printouts and they should be excluded – and not considered for summary judgment purposes – for that reason.

2. Even If Dr. Eggleston And Jankowski Could Authenticate The Alleged Website Printouts, They Have Not Established A Foundation Of Personal Knowledge As To The Contents Of The Website

Even if Dr. Eggleston and Jankowski could authenticate the alleged website printouts, they have not established a foundation of personal knowledge to do so. Importantly, Dr. Eggleston and Jankowski *do not even claim that they have visited the websites they purport to authenticate*. They offer zero evidence of personal knowledge of the contents of any of the websites. So while they purport to attach "true and accurate" copies of the websites, they have provided no foundation from which they could make that claim.

3. Even If Dr. Eggleston And Jankowski Could Authenticate The Alleged Website Printouts And Establish A Foundation For Doing So, They Have Not Properly Authenticated The Alleged Website Printouts

Dr. Eggleston and Jankowski have not properly authenticated the website printouts because they have not testified as to *when* the alleged printouts of the websites were made. Websites are, by their nature, shifting targets. For that reason, it is standard practice when citing to a website to list the date last accessed. *See* The Bluebook: A Uniform System of Citation (Columbia Law Review Ass'n et al. eds., 19th ed. 2010), Rule 18.2.2 ("When material is otherwise undated, the date that the website was last visited should be placed in a parenthetical after the URL."). And as discussed in Glidewell's brief in support of its motion for partial summary judgment as to Keating's invalidity defense and counterclaims (Dkt. #82-1), as well as in Glidewell's brief in opposition to Keating's motion for summary judgment of cancellation of Glidewell's trademark (filed concurrently herewith), the date of the evidence is particularly important in this case. Since Dr. Eggleston and Jankowski provided no information about when the alleged website printouts were

made, the printouts have not been properly authenticated.

4. The Alleged Website Printouts Are Hearsay

Printouts of internet websites are inadmissible to prove the truth of the matter asserted in the website. *United States v. Jackson*, 208 F.3d 633, 637 (7th Cir.) ("The web postings were not statements made by declarants testifying at trial, and they were being offered to prove the truth of the matter asserted. That means they were hearsay."); *Williamson v. Prince George's County, Md.*, 2011 WL 280961 (D. Md. 2011) (sustaining objection to "five printouts of internet webpages" with the "glaring" deficiency that "the internet articles are unauthenticated hearsay. . . . Such articles are analogous to the newspaper articles that courts in this circuit have frequently recognized as hearsay."). In *Jackson*, for example, the defendant tried to submit website postings in which certain groups took credit for the crime defendant was accused of. The court excluded the website postings as hearsay being offered for the truth of the matter asserted.

Here, the website printouts Keating proffers are being offered to show the purported truth of the matters contained therein. For example, Keating relies upon them to prove (a) that the use of "brux" and "zir" are "widespread" in the dental industry (Dkt. #87-1 at ¶ 60); (b) that third party dental labs offer "all-zirconia crowns" under various marks (Dkt. #87-1 at ¶ 61); (c) that third party dental labs "promote their all-zirconia crowns for use by bruxers" (Dkt. #87-1 at ¶ 62); and (d) that "Glidewell [Authorized] Labs do not identify Glidewell as a source (Dkt. #87-1 at ¶¶ 66-67; Eggleston Decl. Exs. 136, 137; Keating's SOF re: cancellation 65). For this reason, they should be excluded as hearsay.

B. MUCH OF KEATING'S EVIDENCE OF GENERICNESS IS OBJECTIONABLE UNDER FED. R. EVID. 401, 402, AND 403

Keating has submitted declarations (by dentists and a laboratory), website printouts, and prescription forms to support its argument that Glidewell's trademark "BruxZir," and the purported phonetic equivalent, "bruxer," are generic terms for

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zirconia crowns. The submitted statements and documents, however, do not support or even relate to a determination of whether Glidewell's mark is generic.

"The crucial date for the determination of genericness is the date on which the alleged infringer entered the market with the disputed mark or term." Yellow Cab Co. of Sacramento v. Yellow Cab of Elk Grove, Inc., 419 F.3d 925, 928 (9th Cir. 2004); Nora Beverages, Inc. v. Perrier Grp. of Am., Inc., 164 F.3d 736, 744 (2nd. Cir. 1998) (holding that the relevant date for judging genericness is the date upon which Perrier, the competitor, introduced its competing product into the market); see also 2 J. Thomas McCarthy, McCarthy on Trademarks and Unfair Competition § 12:17.50, p. 12-61 (2012) ("The Second and Ninth Circuits have held that the crucial date for the determination of genericness is the date on which the alleged infringer entered the market with the disputed mark or term."). Here, the crucial date for a determination of genericness, is April 2011, the date Keating says it began using its KDZ Bruxer mark. [Dkt #57-1 at 13:11-12; Keating Decl., ¶ 9 & Ex. F (March 31, 2011 announcement of "new KDZ product family," including KDZ Bruxer).]

As detailed in Glidewell's concurrently filed Memorandum of Points and Authorities In Opposition To Defendant's Motion For Summary Judgment Cancelling Glidewell's Trademark Registration, the declarations, website printouts, and prescription forms submitted by Keating are irrelevant to the issue of whether the terms "Bruxzir" or "bruxer" were generic as of April 2011. For example, the dentist declarations do not substantiate that the declarants regarded these terms as generic as of April 2011. (Dkt #97 at ¶¶ 8-9 (Nov. 2011, Mar. 2012, and May 2012); Dkt. #98 at ¶¶ 8-9 (July 2012); Dkt. #99 at ¶¶ 9-10 (Oct. 2011); Dkt. #100 at ¶¶ 9-10 (Aug. 2012); Dkt. #101 at ¶¶ 8-9 (Oct. 2011); Dkt. #102 at ¶¶ 8-9, 11 (Nov. 2011 and May 2012); Dkt. #103 at ¶¶ 7-8 (Nov. 2011); DKt. #104 at ¶¶ 8-9, 11 (May 2011); Dkt. #105 at ¶¶ 9-10 (Nov. 2011 and May 2012); Dkt. #106 at ¶¶8-9, 11 (Aug. 2012); Dkt. #107 at ¶¶ 9-10, 12 (Oct. 2011); Dkt. #108 at ¶¶ 7-8, 10 (Aug.

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2012); Dkt. #109 at \P 8-9, 11 (Oct. 2012)). Similarly, many of the prescription
forms either post-date April 2011 or are undated, and therefore irrelevant to
establishing genericness. (Dkt. #96 at KDA-004853-61; KDA-004863; KDA-
004868; KDA-004870; Dkt. #96 at KDA-004869). Likewise, many of the third-
party webpages either post-date April of 2011 or are undated. (Dkt. #91-31
(Advanced Dental Lab (BruxZir), March 2012); Dkt. #91-29 (China Dental
Outsourcing (Bruxer All Zirconia), May 2011); Dkt. #91-39 (China Dental
Outsourcing (All Zirconia for Bruxers), September 2012); Dkt. #93-55 (Cosmetic
Dentistry of SA (Bruxer Crown), September 2012); Dkt. #93-44 (Infinity Dental
Lab (Bruxer Crowns), September 2012); Dkt. #91-32 (Old Dominion Milling Corp.
(Bruxzer), August 2012); Dkt. #91-30 & 91-38 (Showcase Dental Lab (Zir-Bruxer)
January 2012); Dkt. #93-47 (York Dental Lab (Bruxer), August 2012); Dkt. #91-43
(Dani Dental (Full Zirconia (Bruxer)), undated); Dkt. #93-56 (Pittman Dental
(Bruxer Crown), undated); Dkt #91-42 (Trachsel Dental (All Zirconia Bruxer),
undated).

Federal Rules of Evidence 401 and 402 forbid the introduction of evidence which is not relevant. Evidence is relevant if it has any tendency to make the existence of any fact that is of consequence to the determination of the action more probable or less probable than it would be without the evidence. Fed.R.Evid. 402. Even relevant evidence may be excluded if its probative value is substantially outweighed by the danger of unfair prejudice, confusion of the issues, misleading the jury, or by considerations of undue waste of time, or needless presentation of cumulative evidence. Fed.R.Evid. 403.

Much of the evidence, as more particularly identified below, submitted by Keating on the issue of genericness does not relate to the relevant time period (pre-April 2011) and is therefore irrelevant. It should be excluded under Rules 401 and 402. Admitting the evidence despite its lack of relevance would pose a high danger that the fact finder would be confused and misled into determining genericness as

of an incorrect time period. Glidewell, of course, would be highly prejudiced by irrelevant evidence that confuses and misleads the factfinder. For these additional reasons, the evidence should be excluded under Rule 403.

II. **OBJECTIONS**

Declaration of David Jankowski Α.

6	Exhibit	Objection
7	4	This exhibit is a full deposition transcript, most of which Keating does
8		not cite in its papers. Glidewell has not reviewed the entire transcript to
9		determine what is admissible and what is not, nor is it obligated to.
10		Instead, Glidewell hereby reserves its right to raise objections to any
11		uncited portions of the transcript Keating may later rely on.
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21		uncited portions of the transcript Keating may later rely on.
22	15	FRE 901. This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, nor
23		has Keating cited any deposition testimony to authenticate it.
24	16	FRE 901. This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, nor
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26	17	FRE 901. This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, nor
27		has Keating cited any deposition testimony to authenticate it.

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Exhibit	Objection
35	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This document has no tendency to show
	how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April
	2011, the critical date for determining genericness. (See section I(B),
	supra). Further, Keating does not cite this exhibit in its motions or
	separate statements.
	This exhibit is hearsay because, to the extent Keating relies on it, it is an
	out of court statement offered for the truth of the matter asserted. (See
	section I(A), supra).
	This exhibit lacks authenticity because Jankowski does not testify that he
	has personal knowledge of the contents of the alleged website. (See
	section I(A), supra).
36	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This document has no tendency to show
	how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April
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40	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This document has no tendency to show
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	2011, the critical date for determining genericness. (See section I(B),

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	This exhibit is hearsay because, to the extent Keating relies on it, it is an
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	This exhibit lacks authenticity because Jankowski does not testify that he
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	section I(A), supra).
41	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This document has no tendency to show
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42	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This document has no tendency to show
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	the truth of the matter asserted. (See section I(A), supra).
	This exhibit lacks authenticity because Jankowski does not testify that he

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Exhibit	Objection
	has personal knowledge of the contents of the alleged forms. (See section
	I(A), supra).
43	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This document has no tendency to show
	how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April
	2011, the critical date for determining genericness. (See section I(B),
	supra).
	This exhibit is hearsay because it is an out of court statement offered for
	the truth of the matter asserted. (See section I(A), supra).
	This exhibit lacks authenticity because Jankowski does not testify that he
	has personal knowledge of the contents of the alleged forms. (See section
	I(A), supra).
44	FRE 401, 402, 403, 901. This document is offered by Keating to show
	what a trademark attorney at the PTO would have found if the attorney
	had done a google search (SOF 88-92), but there is no evidence that a
	search performed at the time of the trademark registration application in
	2009 would have yielded the same or similar results to this exhibit, which
	is dated October 14, 2012.
	This exhibit lacks authenticity because Jankowski does not testify that he
	has personal knowledge of the contents of the alleged website. (See
	section I(A), supra).
46	FRE 801, 802, 901. This exhibit is hearsay as it is an out of court
	statement by Keating offered for the truth of the matter asserted.
	This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, nor has
	Keating cited any deposition testimony to authenticate it.
47	FRE 801, 802, 901. This exhibit is hearsay as it is an out of court
	statement by Keating offered for the truth of the matter asserted.

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	This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, nor has		
	Keating cited any deposition testimony to authenticate it.		

B. Declaration of Dr. David W. Eggleston

Objection	
FRE 801, 802. The attached expert report is not signed under penalty of	
perjury. Accordingly, it is inadmissible hearsay. Harris v. Extendicare	
Homes, Inc., 829 F. Supp. 2d 1023, 1027 (W.D. Wash. 2011) ("[C]ourts	
in this circuit have routinely held that unsworn expert reports are not	
admissible to support or oppose summary judgment."); King Tuna, Inc. v.	
Anova Food, Inc., 2009 WL 650732 (C.D. Cal. 2009) ("It is well-settled	
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2		Anova Food, Inc., 2009 WL 650732 (C.D. Cal. 2009) ("It is well-settled
3		that under Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(e), unsworn expert reports are not admissible
4 5		to support or oppose summary judgment.").
6	79	FRE 901. Dr. Eggleston does not testify that he has personal knowledge
7		of the contents of Glidewell's advertisements. (See section I(A)
8		(foundation), supra).
9	80	FRE 901. Dr. Eggleston does not testify that he has personal knowledge
0		of the contents of Glidewell's website. (See section I(A) (foundation),
1		supra).
2	81	FRE 901. Dr. Eggleston does not testify that he has personal knowledge
13		of the contents of Glidewell's website. (See section I(A) (foundation),
l4 	0.0	supra).
15	82	FRE 901. Dr. Eggleston does not testify that he has personal knowledge
16		of the contents of Glidewell's website. (See section I(A) (foundation),
17	83	FRE 901. Dr. Eggleston does not testify that he has personal knowledge
8	0.5	of the contents of Glidewell's website. (See section I(A) (foundation),
9		supra).
0	84	FRE 901. Dr. Eggleston does not testify that he has personal knowledge
$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		of the contents of Glidewell's website. (See section I(A) (foundation),
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23	85	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This document has no tendency to show
24		how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April
$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$		2011, the critical date for determining genericness. (See section I(B)
7		(relevance), <i>supra</i>). Further, Keating does not cite this exhibit in its
$\begin{bmatrix} \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$		motions or separate statements.

Exhibit	Objection	
	This exhibit is hearsay because, to the extent Keating relies on it, it is an	
	out of court statement offered for the truth of the matter asserted. (See	
	section I(A) (foundation), supra).	
	This exhibit lacks authenticity, because Dr. Eggleston does not testify that	
	he has personal knowledge of the contents of the mentioned website. (See	
	section I(A) (foundation), <i>supra</i>).	
86	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This document has no tendency to show	
	how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April	
	2011, the critical date for determining genericness. (See section I(B)	
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17		how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April
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Snell	LAW 350 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles

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8	121	FRE 401, 402, 403, 901. This documents has no tendency to show how
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15	122	FRE 401, 402, 403, 901. This documents has no tendency to show how
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9	125	FRE 401, 402, 403, 901. This documents has no tendency to show how
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24	127	FRE 401, 402, 403, 901. This document has no tendency to show how
25		the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April 2011,
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	This exhibit lacks authenticity, because Dr. Eggleston does not testify that	
	he has personal knowledge of the contents of the mentioned website. (See	
	section I(A) (foundation), <i>supra</i>).	
134	FRE 401, 402, 403, 901. This document has no tendency to show how	
	the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April 2011,	
	the critical date for determining genericness. (See section I(B)	
	(relevance), supra).	
	This exhibit lacks authenticity, because Dr. Eggleston does not testify that	
	he has personal knowledge of the contents of the mentioned website. (See	
	section I(A) (foundation), <i>supra</i>).	
135	FRE 401, 402, 403, 901. This document has no tendency to show how	

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Exhibit	Objection	
	the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April 2011,	
	the critical date for determining genericness. (See section I(B)	
	(relevance), supra).	
	This exhibit lacks authenticity, because Dr. Eggleston does not testify that	
	he has personal knowledge of the contents of the mentioned website. (See	
	section I(A) (foundation), supra).	
136	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This document has no tendency to show	
	how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April	
	2011, the critical date for determining genericness. (See section I(B)	
	(relevance), supra).	
	This exhibit is hearsay because it is an out of court statements offered for	
	the truth of the matter asserted. (See section I(A) (foundation), supra).	
	This exhibit lacks authenticity, because Dr. Eggleston does not testify that	
	he has personal knowledge of the contents of the mentioned website. (See	
	section I(A) (foundation), <i>supra</i>).	
137	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This document has no tendency to show	
	how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April	
	2011, the critical date for determining genericness. (See section I(B)	
	(relevance), supra).	
	This exhibit is hearsay because it is an out of court statements offered for	
	the truth of the matter asserted. (See section I(A) (foundation), supra).	
	This exhibit lacks authenticity, because Dr. Eggleston does not testify that	
	he has personal knowledge of the contents of the mentioned website. (See	
	section I(A) (foundation), <i>supra</i>).	

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C. Declaration of Rustin K. Magnum

Exhibit	Objection	
50	This exhibit is a full deposition transcript, most of which Keating does	
	not cite in its papers. Glidewell has not reviewed the entire transcript to	
	determine what is admissible and what is not, nor is it obligated to.	
	Instead, Glidewell hereby reserves its right to raise objections to any	
	uncited portions of the transcript Keating may later rely on.	
51	This exhibit is a full deposition transcript, most of which Keating does	
	not cite in its papers. Glidewell has not reviewed the entire transcript to	
	determine what is admissible and what is not, nor is it obligated to.	
	Instead, Glidewell hereby reserves its right to raise objections to any	
	uncited portions of the transcript Keating may later rely on.	
52	This exhibit is a full deposition transcript, most of which Keating does	
	not cite in its papers. Glidewell has not reviewed the entire transcript to	
	determine what is admissible and what is not, nor is it obligated to.	
	Instead, Glidewell hereby reserves its right to raise objections to any	
	uncited portions of the transcript Keating may later rely on.	
53	This exhibit is a full deposition transcript, most of which Keating does	
	not cite in its papers. Glidewell has not reviewed the entire transcript to	
	determine what is admissible and what is not, nor is it obligated to.	
	Instead, Glidewell hereby reserves its right to raise objections to any	
	uncited portions of the transcript Keating may later rely on.	
54	This exhibit is a full deposition transcript, most of which Keating does	
	not cite in its papers. Glidewell has not reviewed the entire transcript to	
	determine what is admissible and what is not, nor is it obligated to.	
	Instead, Glidewell hereby reserves its right to raise objections to any	
	uncited portions of the transcript Keating may later rely on.	
55	FRE 901. This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, nor	

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Exhibit	hibit Objection		
	does the deposition testimony cited by Keating authenticate the exhibit.		
	(See SOF 57, Doc No. 88-1).		
56	FRE 901. This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, no		
	does the deposition testimony cited by Keating authenticate the exhibit.		
	(See SOF 57, Doc No. 88-1).		
57	FRE 901. This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, no		
	does the deposition testimony cited by Keating authenticate the exhibit.		
	(See SOF 57, Doc No. 88-1).		
58	FRE 901. This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, no		
	does the deposition testimony cited by Keating authenticate the exhibit.		
	(See SOF 57, Doc No. 88-1).		
59	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This exhibit is irrelevant and unduly		
	prejudicial. It has no tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or		
	"Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April 2011, the critical date for		
	determining genericness. (See section I(B), supra).		
	This exhibit is hearsay because it is a compilation of out of court		
	statements offered for the truth of the matter asserted. (See section I(A),		
	supra).		
	This exhibit lacks authenticity because Mangum does not testify that he		
	has personal knowledge of the contents of alleged documents. (See		
	section I(A), supra).		
60	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This exhibit is irrelevant and unduly		
	prejudicial. It has no tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or		
	"Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April 2011, the critical date for		
	determining genericness. (See section I(B), supra).		
	This exhibit is hearsay because it is a compilation of out of court		

Exhibit	Objection		
	statements offered for the truth of the matter asserted. (See section I(A),		
	supra).		
	This exhibit lacks authenticity because Mangum does not testify that he		
	has personal knowledge of the contents of alleged documents. (See		
	section I(A), supra).		
61	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This exhibit is irrelevant and unduly		
	prejudicial. It has no tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or		
	"Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April 2011, the critical date for		
	determining genericness. (See section I(B), supra).		
	This exhibit is hearsay because it is a compilation of out of court		
	statements offered for the truth of the matter asserted. (See section I(A),		
	supra).		
	This exhibit lacks authenticity because Mangum does not testify that he		
	has personal knowledge of the contents of alleged documents. (See		
	section I(A), supra).		
62	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802, 901. This exhibit is irrelevant and unduly		
	prejudicial. It has no tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or		
	"Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April 2011, the critical date for		
	determining genericness. (See section I(B), supra).		
	This exhibit is hearsay because it is a compilation of out of court		
	statements offered for the truth of the matter asserted. (See section I(A),		
	supra).		
	This exhibit lacks authenticity because Mangum does not testify that he		
	has personal knowledge of the contents of alleged documents. (See		
	section I(A), supra).		
63	FRE 901. This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, nor		

Exhibit	Objection
	does the deposition testimony cited by Keating authenticate the exhibit.
	(See SOF 57, Doc No. 88-1).
64	FRE 901. This exhibit has not been authenticated by any declaration, nor
	does the deposition testimony cited by Keating authenticate the exhibit.
	(See SOF 57, Doc No. 88-1).

D. Declaration of Jeffrey Van Hoosear

Exhibit	Objection
V-4	FRE 401, 402. This document is offered to show that "bruxer" and
	"BruxZir" are pronounced the same (SOF 48), but in Exhibit V-4 Dr.
	DiTolla never pronounces the word "bruxer," and thus the video is
	irrelevant for purposes of comparison.

E. Declaration of Lori Boatright

Exhibit	Objection
A	FRE 801, 802. The attached expert report is not signed under penalty of
	perjury. Accordingly, it is inadmissible hearsay. Harris v. Extendicare
	Homes, Inc., 829 F. Supp. 2d 1023, 1027 (W.D. Wash. 2011) ("[C]ourts
	in this circuit have routinely held that unsworn expert reports are not
	admissible to support or oppose summary judgment."); King Tuna, Inc. v.
	Anova Food, Inc., 2009 WL 650732 (C.D. Cal. 2009) ("It is well-settled
	that under Fed.R.Civ.P. 56(e), unsworn expert reports are not admissible
	to support or oppose summary judgment.").

F. Objections to Declaration of Carol Frattura

Paragraph	Objection
8	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when she regarded "bruxzir," "bruxer," or "bruxir" as
	meaning an "all-zirconia crown," and at most indicates a time
	reference as of the date of the prescription forms attached to her
	declaration as Exhibit A, which either post-date April 2011 (KDA-
	004853-61, KDA 004863, KDA-004868, and KDA-004870), are
	undated (KDA-004869), or show that dentists use terms other than
	"bruxzir" or "bruxer" (KDA-004862 (May 2011)("Brux Zirconia"),
	KDA-004864 (October 2010) ("Full Ceram Crown"), KDA-004865
	(March 2011) ("zinostar"), KDA-004866 (October 2010) ("BRUX
	zirconia"), KDA-004867 (September 2010) ("zirconia crown").
	Further, the witness's statement of what dentists could have been
	referring to when using the term "bruxer" is speculative.
18	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness, but refer to the time period following January 2012.
	(See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness is also speculating
	as what others dentists mean when using the terms "bruxzir crown"
	and "bruxer crown."
Exhibit	
Portions of	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached documents do not have any
Ex. A:	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by

GLIDEWELL' S EVIDENTIARY OBJECTIONS CASE NO. SACV11-01309 DOC (ANx)

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KDA-	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
004853-61,	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The prescription
KDA	forms in Exhibit A either post-date April 2011 (KDA-004853-61,
004863,	KDA 004863, KDA-004868, and KDA-004870), or are undated
KDA-	(KDA-004869).
004868,	The attached documents are also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801,
KDA-	802; Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).
004869, and	
KDA-	
004870,	

G. Declaration of Dr. William Belton

Paragraph	Objection
9	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "BruxZir" as meaning an "all zirconia
	crown, commonly used for bruxers," and at most indicates a time
	reference as of the date of the prescription forms attached to his
	declaration as Exhibit A, dated November 2011, March 2012, and
	May 2012.
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness, but refer to conduct in November 2011, March 2012,
	and May 2012. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra).

Exhibit	
A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached documents do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "BruxZir" as meaning an "all zirconia
	crown, commonly used for bruxers," and at most indicates a time
	reference as of the date of the prescription forms attached to his
	declaration as Exhibit A, dated November 2011, March 2012, and
	May 2012.
	The attached documents are also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801,
	802; Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).

H. Declaration of Dr. Raymond Brady

Paragraph	Objection
9	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "Bruxir" as meaning a "full contour
	zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
	of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
	Exhibit A, dated July 2012.
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness, but refer to conduct in July 2012. (See section I(B)

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	(relevance), supra).
Exhibit	
A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached document does not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "Bruxir" as meaning a "full contour
	zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
	of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
	Exhibit A, dated July 2012.
	The attached document is also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801, 802;
	Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).

I. Declaration of Dr. Jonathan Campbell

Paragraph	Objection
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" as meaning a "full contour
	zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
	of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
	Exhibit A, dated October 2011.
11	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness, but refer to conduct in October 2011. (See section I(B)

	(relevance), supra).
12	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he began using the term "bruxzir" to "specify the
	type of crown [he] wanted for a patient and to distinguish from other
	types of crowns such as PFMs and full cast gold crowns."
Exhibit	
A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached document does not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" as meaning a "full contour
	zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
	of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
	Exhibit A, dated October 2011.
	The attached document is also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801, 802;
	Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).

J. Declaration of Dr. Michael Colleran

Paragraph	Objection
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" as meaning a "full contour

	1 2		zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
	3		of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
	4		Exhibit A, dated August 2012.
	5	11	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	6		tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	7		the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	8		genericness, but refer to conduct in August 2012. (See section I(B)
	9		(relevance), supra).
		12	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any
	10		tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
mer Two California Plaza 90071	11 12		the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
er — o Califor	13		genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
Wilmer P.P. FILCES e 2600, Two Ca lifornia 90071	14		to specify when "he has seen the term 'bruxzir' with various
1 1 1 2 2 2			spellings," how he knows the use of the term "bruxir" was used "to
Snell & LI CAW O and Avenue, Sui Los Angeles, C (213) 99	15		refer to an all zirconia crown," or how he knows "they are all
SI - Crand Lo	16		pronounced the same."
Sn — 350 South Grand / Los	17	Exhibit	
	18 19	A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached document does not have any
	20		tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	21		the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	22		genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	23		to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" as meaning a "full contour
	24		zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
			of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
	25		Exhibit A, dated August 2012.
	26		The attached document is also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801, 802;
	27		O D

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Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).

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K. Declaration of Dr. Joseph Jacquinot

Paragraph	Objection
9	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "brux-zir" as meaning an "all zirconia
	crown which is often used for bruxers," and at most indicates a time
	reference as of the date of the prescription forms attached to his
	declaration as Exhibit A, dated October 2011.
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness, but refer to conduct in October 2011. (See section I(B)
	(relevance), supra).
11	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he began to use "'brux-zir' to specify [an all zirconia
	crown]" or when or how he has "heard and pronounced 'bruxzir' the
	same way as 'bruxer.'"
Exhibit	
A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached documents do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails

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to specify when he regarded "brux-zir" as meaning an "all zirconia
crown which is often used for bruxers," and at most indicates a time
reference as of the date of the prescription forms attached to his
declaration as Exhibit A, dated October 2011.
The attached documents are also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801,
802; Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).

L. Declaration of Dr. Dennis Murphy

Paragraph	Objection
9	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" and "bruxir" as meaning an
	"all zirconia crown which is often used for bruxers," and at most
	indicates a time reference as of the date of the prescription forms
	attached to his declaration as Exhibit A, dated November 2011 and
	May 2012.
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness, but refer to conduct in November 2011 and May 2012.
	(See section I(B) (relevance), supra).
11	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails

	to specify when he has seen "advertisements for all zirconia crowns	
	that use the term "bruxzir," or a similar spelling, to identify [an all	
	zirconia] crown." At most, the witness refers to his understanding as	
	of November 2011 and May 2012 "when [he] submitted the orders	
	attached in Exhibit A."	
Exhibit		
A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached documents do not have any	
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by	
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining	
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails	
	to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" and "bruxir" as meaning an	
	"all zirconia crown which is often used for bruxers," and at most	
	indicates a time reference as of the date of the prescription forms	
	attached to his declaration as Exhibit A, dated November 2011 and	
	May 2012.	
	The attached documents are also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801,	
	802; Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).	

M. Declaration of Dr. Terry Myers

Paragraph	Objection
8	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" as meaning a "full contour
	zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
	of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as

	1		Exhibit B, dated November 2011.
	2	9	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	3 4		tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	5		the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	6		genericness, but refer to conduct in November 2011. (See section
	7		I(B) (relevance), supra).
	8	10	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any
	9		tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	10		the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
e z			genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
ornia Pla	12		to specify when he has seen advertisements for a "bruxzir" crown or
ler vo Calife	13		which dental laboratories were providing these advertisements. The
Vilm ICES 2600, Ty fornia 90	14		witness also fails to identify when he understood the term "bruxzir"
Snell & Wilmer LLP. LLP. LAW OFFICES and Avenue, Suite 2600, Two California Plaza Los Angeles, California 90071 (213) 929-2500	15		crown to mean "a full contour zirconia crown."
id Avenu	16	Exhibit	
Sr 350 South Grand	17	В	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached document does not have any
350 Sou	18		tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	19		the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	20		genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	21		to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" as meaning a "full contour
	22		zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
	23		of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
	24		Exhibit B, dated November 2011.
	25		The attached document is also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801, 802;
	26		Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).
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N. Declaration of Dr. Thomas Nussear

Paragraph	Objection
9	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" as meaning a "full contour
	zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
	of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
	Exhibit A, dated May 2011.
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness, but refer to conduct in May 2011. (See section I(B)
	(relevance), supra).
11	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he "came to understand the terms 'bruxzir' and
	'bruxer' to by synonymous" or that "each is pronounced the same" or
	that "both terms are commonly used to refer to all zirconia crowns
	which are commonly used for bruxers."
Exhibit	
A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached document does not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining

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genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" as meaning a "full contour
zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
Exhibit A, dated May 2011.
The attached document is also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801, 802;
Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).

O. Declaration of Dr. Stan Richardson

Paragraph Objection	
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" and "bruxzer" as meaning an
"all zirconia crown which is commonly used for bruxers," and	
most indicates a time reference as of the date of the prescription	
	forms attached to his declaration as Exhibit A, dated November 2011
	and May 2012.
11	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness, but refer to conduct in November 2011 and May 2012.
	(See section I(B) (relevance), supra).
12	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir"	
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining

	genericness, but again refer to conduct in November 2011 and May	
	2012. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra).	
Exhibit		
A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached documents do not have any	
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by	
the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining		
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fail	
	to specify when he regarded "bruxzir" and "bruxzer" as meaning an	
	"all zirconia crown which is commonly used for bruxers," and at	
	most indicates a time reference as of the date of the prescription	
	forms attached to his declaration as Exhibit A, dated November 201	
	and May 2012.	
	The attached documents are also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801,	
	802; Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).	

P. Declaration of Dr. Richard Scott

Paragraph	Objection	
9 FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any		
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by	
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining	
genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails		
to specify when he regarded "bruxir" as meaning a "full contour		
zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time referen		
	of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as	
	Exhibit A, dated August 2012.	
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any	
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by	

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	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness, but refer to conduct in August 2012. (See section I(B)
	(relevance), supra).
11	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he came to the understanding that "bruxer" crown,
	"bruxzir" crown, and "bruxir" crown all carry the same meaning and
	that they are pronounced the same.
Exhibit	
A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached document does not have any
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
	to specify when he regarded "bruxir" as meaning a "full contour
	zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
	of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
	Exhibit A, dated August 2012.
	The attached document is also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801, 802;
	Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).

Declaration of Dr. Scott Stephens Q.

Paragraph	Objection	
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any	
tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by		
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining	

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1		genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
2		to specify when he regarded "brux-zir" as meaning a "full contour
3		zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
4		of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
5		Exhibit A, dated October 2011.
6	11	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any
7		tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
8		the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
9		genericness, but refer to conduct in October 2011. (See section I(B)
10		(relevance), supra).
11	12	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any
12		tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
13 14		the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
15		genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
16		to specify when he understood "bruxzir" as a reference to a crown
17		used for bruxism patients made of zirconia. The witness also does
18		not indicate when or how he knows that when he hears the term
19		"bruxzir" pronounced, it is the same as "bruxer."
20	Exhibit	
21	A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached document does not have any
22		tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by
23		the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining
24		genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails
25		to specify when he regarded "brux-zir" as meaning a "full contour
26		zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as
27		of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as
28		Exhibit A, dated October 2011.
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The attached document is also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801, 802;
Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).

R. Declaration of Dr. Daniel Sweet

Paragraph	Objection	
8	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any	
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by	
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining	
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails	
	to specify when he regarded "Brux-Zir" as meaning a "full contour	
	zirconia crown which is often used for bruxers," and at most	
	indicates a time reference as of the date of the prescription forms	
	attached to his declaration as Exhibit A, dated August 2012.	
9	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any	
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by	
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining	
	genericness, but refer to conduct in August 2012. (See section I(B)	
	(relevance), supra).	
10	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any	
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by	
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining	
genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The vertex to specify when he has seen advertising using the term "b		
	knows these advertisements are referring "generally to a full contour	
	zirconia crown." The witness also does not specify when he came to	
	the conclusion that "bruxzir" is the name "used to describe a full	

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	contour zirconia crown."				
Exhibit					
A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached documents do not have any				
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by				
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining				
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails				
	to specify when he regarded "Brux-Zir" as meaning a "full contour				
	zirconia crown which is often used for bruxers," and at most				
	indicates a time reference as of the date of the prescription forms				
	attached to his declaration as Exhibit A, dated August 2012.				
	The attached documents are also inadmissible hearsay. FRE 801,				
	802; Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).				

S. Declaration of Dr. Gary P. Tobin

Paragraph	Objection						
9	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any						
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used						
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining						
	genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails						
	to specify when he regarded "Bruxzir" as meaning an "all zirconia						
	crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as of the						
	date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as Exhibit A,						
	dated August 2012.						
10	FRE 401, 402, 403. The witness's statements do not have any						
	tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by						
	the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining						
	genericness, but refer to conduct in August 2012. (See section I(B)						

	1	(relevance), supra).					
	2	11	FRE 401, 402, 403, 702. The witness's statements do not have any				
	3		tendency to show	how the terms "Bru	xer" or "Bruxzir" were used by		
	4		the public as of A	April 2011, the critica	l date for determining		
	5		genericness. (See section I(B) (relevance), supra). The witness fails				
	6		to specify when he has seen the term "bruxzir" being used by dental labs, or which labs are using the term, or how he knows the				
	7						
	8		advertisements are using the term to refer to "all zirconia restorations				
Shell & Wilmer — L.L. — AW OFFICES 350 South Grand Avenue, Suite 2600, Two California Plaza Los Angeles, California 90071 Los Angeles, California 90071	9		for bruxers."				
	10	Exhibit					
	11	A	FRE 401, 402, 403, 802. The attached document does not have any				
	12		tendency to show how the terms "Bruxer" or "Bruxzir" were used by the public as of April 2011, the critical date for determining genericness. (<i>See</i> section I(B) (relevance), <i>supra</i>). The witness fails				
	13						
	14 15						
			to specify when he regarded "Bruxzir" as meaning an "all zirconia crown for bruxers," and at most indicates a time reference as of the date of the prescription form attached to his declaration as Exhibit A, dated August 2012.				
	16 17						
	18						
	19						
	20		The attached doc	ssible hearsay. FRE 801, 802;			
	21		Orr v. Bank of America, 285 F.3d 764, 778 (9th Cir. 2002).				
	22	Dated: Nove	mber 26, 2012	SNELL & WII	LMER L.L.P.		
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	24				By: s/Philip J. Graves Philip J. Graves		
	25			Greer N. Shaw			
	26			Attorneys for F	Plaintiff		
	27			James R. Glide	James R. Glidewell Dental Ceramics, Inc. dba		
	28			Glidewell Labo	Draiories		
					GLIDEWELL' S EVIDENTIARY		
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